Package: epimixr (via r-universe)

July 20, 2024

July 20, 2024
Title Epidemiological analysis using social mixing matrices
Version 0.1
Description Provides methods to conduct epidemiological analysis using social mixing matrices, such as calculating contact-adjusted immunity levels or age distributions of epidemics.
Depends R (>= 3.5.0)
Imports socialmixr
Suggests testthat
License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.2.3
Repository https://epiforecasts.r-universe.dev
RemoteUrl https://github.com/sbfnk/epimixr
RemoteRef HEAD
RemoteSha f62f81d290b18724579686704d91adeb2de9a0a7
Contents
adjust_immunity
Index

2 adjust_immunity

${\it adjust_immunity} \qquad {\it Estimate reproduction number from contact information and immunity} \\ profile$	ty
---	----

Description

This takes a contact survey to derive a contact matrix and rescales contacts to represent contacts with susceptibles. This is then combined with information on the basic reproduction number R0 to calculate the effective or net reproduction number.

Usage

```
adjust_immunity(mixing_matrix, immunity, vector = FALSE)
```

Arguments

mixing_matrix A mixing matrix, as returned by socialmixr::contact_matrix

immunity immunity profile; this should be given as a vector of the same length as the

number of rows/columns of the mixing matrix; each element of the vector should contain a value <1 representing the proportion of the population immune in the

corresponding age group; any element set to "herd" will be set to 1-1/R0

vector if TRUE, will return the eigenvector corresponding to the dominant eigenvec-

tor instead of adjusted immunity; this corresponds to the expected stable age

distribution of infections in case of an outbreak

Value

a list contain vectors of adjusted immunities

Author(s)

Sebastian Funk

Examples

epidemic_age_dist 3

epidemic_age_dist

Calculates the age distribution of an epidemic

Description

calculates the age distribution in an epidemic setting using the iterative method of: J Wallinga, P Teunis, M Kretschmar (2006) Using Data on Social Contacts to Estimate Age-specific Transmission Parameters for Respiratory-spread Infectious Agents. Am J Epidemiol 164(10), 945-946.

Usage

```
epidemic_age_dist(
  mixing_matrix,
  r_0,
  immunity = 0,
  final_size_start = 0.01,
  tol = 1e-05
)
```

Arguments

```
mixing_matrix A mixing matrix or set of mixing matrices, as returned by socialmixr::contact_matrix

r_0 basic reproduction number

immunity proportion immune before the epidemic

final_size_start

starting value for inidence

tol tolerance for stopping the iteration
```

Value

A matrix of the final size(s) (proportion of susceptibles infected) in each age group (one row per matrix contained in mixing)

Examples

```
library("socialmixr")
mixing <- contact_matrix(survey = polymod, age.limits = c(0, 5, 10))
epidemic_age_dist(mixing$matrix, r_0 = 5, immunity = 0.50)</pre>
```

4 project_immunity

project_immunity

Project immunity from a baseline

Description

Project immunity from a baseline via vaccination coverage rates

Usage

```
project_immunity(
   baseline_immunity,
   baseline_year,
   year,
   coverage,
   schedule,
   maternal_immunity,
   efficacy
)
```

Arguments

baseline_immunity

baseline immunity, as a named vector; the names correspond to lower limits of

the age groups, and the vector itself to the corresponding levels of immunity.

baseline_year year at which baseline immunity is taken (corresponding to a column in the

coverage argument)

year to project to

coverage with multiple vaccine doses, given as a matrix in which each row is a

dose and each (named) column a year

schedule the ages at which vaccines are given (in years).

maternal_immunity

the proportion maternally immune.

efficacy vaccine efficacy.

Value

a data frame of immunity levels by age group (as in baseline_immunity).

Author(s)

Sebastian Funk <sebastian.funk@lshtm.ac.uk>

project_immunity 5

Examples

```
baseline_immunity <- c(`2` = 0.85, `5` = 0.9, `10` = 0.95)
coverage <- matrix(rep(0.9, 10), nrow = 2)
colnames(coverage) <- as.character(seq(2015, 2019))
project_immunity(
  baseline_immunity, 2018, 2019, coverage = coverage,
  schedule = c(1, 2), 0.5, 0.95
)</pre>
```

Index

```
adjust_immunity, 2
epidemic_age_dist, 3
project_immunity, 4
```